# PC basics - software

doc. Ing. Marcela Hallová, PhD.

### What is an operating system?

An operating system is the most important software that runs on a computer.

It manages the computer's memory and processes, as well as all of its software and hardware.

It also allows us to communicate with the computer without knowing how to speak the computer's language.

Without an operating system, a computer is useless.

#### The operating system's job

Our computer's operating system (OS) manages all the software and hardware on the computer. Most of the time, there are several different computer programs running at the same time, and they all need to access our computer's central processing unit (CPU), memory, and storage. The operating system coordinates all of this to make sure each program gets what it needs.

### **Types of operating systems**

- Operating systems usually come preloaded on any computer we buy.
- Most people use the operating system that comes with their computer, but it's possible to upgrade or even change operating systems.
- The three most common operating systems for personal computers are Microsoft Windows, macOS, and Linux.

#### **Microsoft Windows**

Microsoft created the Windows operating system in the mid-1980s.

There have been many different versions of Windows, but the most recent ones are Windows
 11 (released in 2021), Windows 10 (released in 2015), Windows 8 (2012), Windows 7 (2009), and Windows Vista (2007).

Windows comes pre-loaded on most new PCs, which helps to make it the most popular operating system in the world.

#### macOS

macOS (previously called OS X) is a line of operating systems created by Apple. It comes preloaded on all Macintosh computers, or Macs. Some of the specific versions include Sonoma (release in fall 2023), Ventura (2022), Monterey (2021), Big Sur (2020), Catalina (2019), Mojave (2018), High Sierra (2017), and Sierra (2016).

#### Linux

Linux (pronounced LINN-ux) is a family of opensource operating systems, which means they can be modified and distributed by anyone around the world.

This is different from proprietary software like Windows, which can only be modified by the company that owns it.

The advantages of Linux are that it is free, and there are many different distributions – or versions—we can choose from.

### **Operating systems for mobile devices**

Mobile devices such as phones, tablet computers, and MP3 players are different from desktop and laptop computers, so they run operating systems that are designed specifically for mobile devices.

Examples of mobile operating systems include Apple iOS and Google Android.

# What is an application?

- You may have heard people talking about using a program, an application, or an app.
  App is a type of software that allows you to
  - perform specific tasks.
- Applications for desktop or laptop computers are sometimes called desktop applications, while those for mobile devices are called mobile apps.

# **Desktop applications**

There are countless desktop applications, and they fall into several categories.

Some are more full featured (like Microsoft Word), while others may only do one or two things (like a clock or calendar app). Examples:

- Word processors
- Web browsers
- Media players
- Games

# Mobile apps

- A mobile app (or mobile application) is a software application developed specifically for use on small, wireless computing devices, such as smartphones and tablets, rather than desktop or laptop computers.
- Mobile apps are sometimes categorized according to whether they are web-based or native apps, which are created specifically for a given platform. A third category, hybrid apps, combines elements of both native and web apps.

